



TWO CENTS.

SCRANTON, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1898.

TWO CENTS.

## SPAIN STILL OBDURATE

Is Not Willing to Yield on Cuban Debt Question.

## NEGOTIATIONS HALTED

The Subject Will Be Revived at the Peace Commissioners' Session Today—Will Appeal for Sympathy if This Government Is Unmoved.

Paris, Oct. 20.—The Spanish peace commissioners have not yet received from Madrid either instructions or permission to bid adieu to Cuban sovereignty without further seeking to attach to this sovereignty some condition providing for the assumption of the Cuban debt by the United States. If they are as at present disposed and instructed, the Spaniards will not at tomorrow's meeting recognize affirmatively the United States' position and will stop on the point of results.

Should they flatly reject American insistence, the Spaniards, while recognizing the physical power of the United States against unaided Spain, will dumbly extend their palms upward and shrug their shoulders. They regard the situation as pitiable and are not averse to any sympathy it may excite.

They affirm that the American answer to their debt propositions is very long and that they have not yet had time to meditate fully upon it. They, thus far, apparently intend not to yield and will tomorrow make another written presentation and expect an extended discussion thereon.

Whether they will tomorrow be met with or at the close of the session receive as to Cuba the American ultimatum of terms and conditions is not yet developed. While this is possible it is not now quite probable.

## FINE CAMP SITE.

Committee Favorably Impressed with Ferdinandina.

Jacksonville, Oct. 20.—General J. Wilson and Captain Howell, constituting the sub-committee appointed to visit and report upon the conditions at Ferdinandina, made their report to the full commission today. They say, in part: "We carefully examined the site of the camp of the Third Pennsylvania volunteers, which, it has been reported, was a tropical jungle on worthless land, unclear and in such a state that the troops are said to have worked like slaves until it was fit for a camp site. While your committee cannot state the condition of this land when the troops arrived, it found no appearance of a tropical jungle here or in the vicinity.

Altogether the committee was most favorably impressed with the character of the sites selected. We visited and obtained from the county clerk of Nassau county, Fla., Mr. George E. Wolf, a map showing the lands occupied by the troops and his official certificate as to the ownership of the land. This certificate states that the greater part of the lands occupied reverted to the state of Florida in June, 1897, by reason of unpaid taxes, and that no one by the name of Alexander controlled any lands in the county of Nassau.

## YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

Improving in Mississippi, Though New Cases Are Occurring Daily.

Jackson, Miss., Oct. 20.—The yellow fever situation in Mississippi is improving, though reports from infected points show a number of new cases daily. It is expected, however, that the fever will decrease gradually, and the epidemic soon be a thing of the past.

The weather is somewhat warmer, but it is believed another frost will come before new foot can develop. New cases developed in Jackson yesterday.

The official report of the state board of health shows eighteen new cases and three deaths in the balance of the state.

## ARMY ORDERS.

Brig-Gen. Boynton to Establish Quarters in Chattanooga.

Washington, Oct. 20.—By direction of the secretary of war, Brigadier General H. V. Boynton, United States volunteers, having completed the duties for which he was ordered to this city, will return to Chickamauga National Park, Ga., and resume his duties there, and to enable him to carry out his instructions more advantageously he will take station in the city of Chattanooga, Tenn.

Brigadier General E. B. Williston, United States volunteers, has been ordered to Annapolis, Md., to assume command of the Second brigade of infantry at that place.

## Killed by a Mule.

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 20.—Mathias Mearhart, an old farmer residing in Mart Township, was riding a mule last evening when the animal was thrown by a horse, and he was dragged nearly a mile. The old man was fatally injured being covered with wounds from head to his feet. The mule had to be separated from his face to enable his neighbors to recognize the victim.

Judge Stewart Hears Objections.

Harrisburg, Oct. 20.—Judge Stewart, of Chambersburg, heard argument today on the objections to the certificates of nomination of the Citizens' party candidates in Philadelphia. An early decision is expected.

Pennsylvania Pensions.

Washington, Oct. 20.—This Pennsylvania pension has been issued: Original—Charles E. Siders, Nantuxet, Luzerne Co.

## GEORGE DEWEY, LL. D.

The Admiral Acknowledges Honors Bestowed at Pittsburgh.

Pittsburg, Oct. 20.—The chancellor of the Western University of Pennsylvania has received the following letter from Admiral Dewey in acknowledgment of a letter sent last June, notifying the admiral that the honorary degree of doctor of laws had been conferred upon him:

Flushing Olympia, Manila, P. I., Sept. 6, 1898.

W. J. Holland, Chancellor of the Western University of Pennsylvania.

Dear Sir: I have much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of your letter of Oct. 9, conveying the pleasant intelligence of the action of the trustees and faculty of the Western University of Pennsylvania in conferring upon me the honorary degree of doctor of laws.

While I have received many evidences of the appreciation in which my countrymen hold my efforts to break the power of Spain in the far east, yet no act of individual or corporation has given me more unqualified pleasure than this one of this great university.

Will you do me the honor to accept for yourself and for the trustees and faculty my warmest thanks, and believe that I have the highest appreciation of this noble distinction.

I am, sir, with great respect,

Very sincerely,

George Dewey.

## PHILADELPHIA

## PEACE JUBILEE

General Graham in Consultation with the Committee—Big Ships Arrive.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—Major General Graham was here today in consultation with the peace jubilee committee concerning the route of the military parade, and the positions of the troops in the line. He will command the soldiers from Camp Meade, about 7,500 in number, including men from each regiment.

Preparations for the celebration are progressing rapidly and make it sure that it will be a demonstration national in character and of great display. The handsome court of honor in Broad street, in which will be President McKinley's reviewing stand, is nearing completion, and other stands are crowding each other all along the route.

The cruiser New Orleans arrived today from Porto Rico and the Texas will be here tomorrow.

The celebration will begin on Tuesday, with the naval review on the Delaware; Wednesday will be the civic parade, Thursday the great military pageant. On Wednesday night the Union league will give a reception to the president and a number of other affairs have been arranged in his honor. A feature of the celebration will be the dazzling electrical displays on each of the three nights.

The influx of visitors has already begun and accommodations are almost at a premium at this early date.

For the use of newspaper men from other cities a stand has been erected on Broad street near the city hall. Several hundred seats are available and newspaper men who desire accommodations are advised to make early application to the press committee, room 225, city hall.

## SPANISH SCHOLARS WANTED.

The State Department's New Colonial Administration Demands Them.

Washington, Oct. 20.—One of the high officials connected with the state department has called attention to the necessity that already confronts the United States government of finding a corps of young men, well versed in the Spanish language as well as English, to assist in the execution of the colonial policy which has now been imposed upon us as a result of the war. He pointed to the difficulties that had been encountered by the American officials, civil, naval and military, who had gone to the Philippines, to Cuba and to Porto Rico in the dealing with the inhabitants of those islands.

He suggested that the time was ripe for some of our leading educational institutions to provide instruction fitted to this end.

## CRUISE OF THE BOSTON.

Will Look After American Affairs at Peking.

Manila, Oct. 20.—The United States cruiser Boston and the collier Nero, which on Oct. 5 were ordered to proceed to Hong Kong in connection with the recent disturbances at that port, have arrived at Amoy, on the island of that name, in the province of Fo-Kien, opposite Formosa—the former short of coal and the latter with her cargo on fire.

The serious situation at Amoy has reached here a state of anarchy in the southern Philippines.

The Spaniards there are cooped up in the principal towns.

The Americans continue capturing the rebel vessels as they arrive at Cavite. Two have been captured this week.

## ACCIDENT TO THE DAVIS.

The Torpedo Boat Has Narrow Escape from Destruction.

Astoria, Ore., Oct. 20.—The torpedo boat Davis, which started on its official trial trip today was disabled by the bursting of a number of boiler tubes. Eight of the crew were badly scalded, and three of them died soon after reaching here. The dead are: C. McNeely, P. Luthien, H. Wood.

The seriously injured are: W. Woods, B. Bryan, A. Johnson, A. Buchi.

Late tonight the four injured men died, making the total dead seven.

## Unknown Man Killed.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 20.—An unknown man was killed by a Pennsylvania railroad train here today. He had an identification card in his pocket giving his address at 22 W. Hughes, 20 London street, Pittsburg, and requesting that information of any accident be sent to Mrs. Johnston, 45 South Eleventh street, Newark. Word has been sent to Newark and Pittsburg, but no response has been received.

## Dreyfus in Paris.

Paris, Oct. 20.—An evening newspaper announces that Captain Dreyfus is already in Paris and is now confined in the fortress at Mont Valerien, to which he was recently brought.

## THE WAINWRIGHT REPORT RECEIVED

POSITIONS OF THE SHIPS AT SANTIAGO.

Spanish Vessels Sailed on Courses Not More Than Three-Tenths of a Mile Apart—The Brooklyn Near the Colon When She Sank.

Washington, Oct. 20.—The report of the Wainwright board, convened for the purpose of determining the positions and courses of the ships engaged in the action at Santiago, July 3, was made public today.

It says, among other things: "The Spanish vessels sailed on courses not more than three-tenths of a mile apart until the Quintero ran ashore. Then the Viscaya veered out to sea and the Colon kept nearer the shore, their courses being about seven-tenths of a mile apart. Up to the time the Quintero went ashore, the Iowa, Indiana, Oregon and Texas sailed on courses within three-tenths of a mile of each other, the Iowa being the nearest and the Texas the farthest from the course of the Spanish ships. The Brooklyn's course was three-tenths to half a mile outside the turn, but before the vessels had gone over them. The course of the New York after passing Meade was nearer the shore than any other United States vessel except the Gloucester, and a mile behind where the Quintero ran ashore. She passed inside the courses of the Spanish vessels. Ten miles west of the Viscaya disaster she crossed the Colon's track, but followed very close the course of that vessel until the latter surrendered.

"The Iowa, Indiana and Ericsson did not go farther west than where the Viscaya ran ashore. The Gloucester stopped by the Maria Teresa and Quintero, as also did the Hist. The latter vessel was not able to keep pace with the New York and Ericsson, the vessels she was with at the beginning of the battle.

"The Brooklyn was the nearest American vessel when the Colon surrendered. She had sailed twenty-eight and a half miles and was three and four-tenths miles from the Colon. Oregon was four and a half miles from the Colon and more in shore than the Brooklyn. The Texas three and four-tenths miles behind the Oregon. The New York was nine and a half miles from the Colon. Some of the other vessels had come up save the Vixen, which was abreast of the New York. This little vessel in the beginning of the fight steamed out to sea and steamed westward on a course about two and a quarter miles from that of the nearest Spanish ships."

## DAVE HILL ON THE WAR.

He Claims That the Glory All Belongs to Democracy—Red-Hot Speech at Brooklyn.

New York, Oct. 20.—David B. Hill addressed a great Democratic mass meeting in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, tonight. He said, among other things: "The paramount issue in the campaign is that of honest government. There are no war issues, so-called, to divide or embarrass the people. The achievement and glory of the recent war with Spain belong not to any political party, but to the whole country. This fact should be every-where conceded; but if there is a disposition to inject partisanship in the consideration of the inception or results of that war, we need not shrink from a comparison with our opponents. We may recall the plain facts of history. The people have not forgotten the great struggle in the halls of congress less than a year ago which preceded the declaration of war. The fact that, with a few and honorable exceptions, all the earnest pleas for intervention in behalf of Cuban liberty were uttered by Democratic leaders; the arbitrary refusal for months of a Republican speaker, backed by the dominant majority in the house, to consider the Cuban question at all; the steady, persistent and determined efforts of the Democratic minority to force the Cuban question to the front, aided by the powerful Democratic press of the country; the patriotic sentiment and the devotion of the Democratic volunteers, efforts were crowned with success and a halting and reluctant administration was forced to inaugurate a war in behalf of humanity and civilization, to which it was at heart opposed.

"The Democratic party, the bold and unsympathetic message of President McKinley in December last, opposing Cuban intervention of any kind, exaggerating the difficulties in the way and unnecessarily reminding congress and people of our neutral obligations, have not forgotten the attitude of Senator Hanna, the Warwick of the present administration, as well as the head of its financial syndicate—fresh from his senatorial triumph at Columbus, purchased by bribery and corruption, who went to the president in answer to his congratulatory telegram the famous, or rather infamous message, 'God reigns and the Republican party still lives,' and who, with tears in his eyes, was pleading at Washington for peace at any price, and lamenting the complete destruction of the business interests of the country by 'so unnecessary a war.'"

## THE DREYFUS CASE.

Belief That the Court of Cassation Will Favor Revision.

Paris, Oct. 20.—It is believed that the Court of Cassation will take up the Dreyfus case next week, and the general impression is that the decision will be in favor of revision.

The court has obtained documents concerning Count Esterhazy, the late Lieutenant Colonel Henry and Mine, Pays and their mutual relations. It will demand all the documents bearing on the case and all the witnesses, including Lieutenant Colonel Picquart.

M. Cavaignac, the former minister for war, is credited with the intention, when parliament re-assembles, of calling upon the government to take the question of Dreyfus revision out of the hands of the Court of Cassation, but it is believed that no precedent exists for such interference.

The *Soleil* says: "M. Faure will send a message to the chamber of deputies regarding the Dreyfus case when parliament re-assembles, and it is predicted by some that will appeal for a reconciliation of the factions now disturbing the country's tranquility."

## MURDERED HIS WIFE.

She Had Disagreed With Him—Then He Tried to Kill Himself.

Pateron, N. J., Oct. 20.—John Reinhardt, fifty-five years of age, of 162 Main street, shot and killed his wife today because she disagreed with him as to the advisability of his going into the saloon business. Then he shot himself. He is in St. Joseph's hospital, in this city, where hope is entertained for his recovery.

Mrs. Reinhardt was forty-two years of age. The couple had three children. They were at school at the time of the tragedy.

## TRIED TO HYPNOTIZE A LION.

A San Francisco Professor Dies of Blood Poisoning as the Result.

San Francisco, Oct. 20.—J. Franklin Brown, a hypnotist, is dead here from blood poisoning contracted several months ago when he attempted to put a lion under the spell of his power. The cub rebelled and bit Brown's hand. The hypnotist went to a hospital and remained there until he was pronounced all right. The other day a slight scratch brought a recurrence of the trouble, which ended in his death.

## FREDERIC A SCIENTIST.

Body of the Journalist to Be Cremated.

London, Oct. 20.—The body of Harold Frederic, the newspaper correspondent and author, who died yesterday morning at Henley, is to be cremated at Woking cemetery.

It has been learned that Mr. Frederic had been in the hands of Christian Scientists, and that a doctor was only summoned to attend him a few days ago.

## Steamship Arrivals.

New York, Oct. 20.—Sailed: Fuerst Bismarck, Hamburg, via Cherbourg and Southampton. Genoa-Sailed: Kaiser Wilhelm II, New York. Naples-Arrived: Fida, New York. Queenstown-Sailed: Britannic, from Liverpool. New York. Rotterdam-Sailed: Rotterdam, New York.

## W. C. T. U. CONVENTION.

The Second Day's Session at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Oct. 20.—The second day's session of the annual state convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance alliance opened at 9:30 o'clock this forenoon with a decided increase in attendance over yesterday's meeting, many of the delegates having been late in arriving. The forenoon was devoted to the hearing of reports from the heads of the various departments of work.

The devotional exercises were conducted by Mrs. E. D. Van Kirk. Mrs. S. P. Savory, of West Chester, gave an interesting talk on the work of the scientific temperance instruction committees. Among other things, she spoke of the good which is being accomplished by the teaching of physiology in the public school and the injurious effects of liquor and tobacco. She quoted statistics for the number who had been rejected from becoming volunteers in the recent war with Spain on account of the injurious effects of cigarette smoking, and said that had physiology been taught in their school days some of them would have been rejected and fewer would have been rejected.

Mrs. McKnight Williams, chairman of the parlor social work committee, requested the delegates to do all they could to influence people not to use when in their evening entertainment.

At the afternoon meeting Mrs. J. C. Elder, of Clayton, led the devotional exercises. Mrs. R. C. Price reported the work of the literature committee; Mrs. S. R. Cox, railroad work; Mrs. Ellen M. Watson, rescue work; Miss Virginia Pennohill, fruit and flower missions; Mrs. G. W. Coblenz, "A's" work.

## DR. SWALLOW IN JEFFERSON

THE PARSON INVADERS THE TERRITORY OF JENKS.

Brookville, Pa., Oct. 20.—Dr. S. C. Swallow today carried his campaign into Jefferson county, the home of his Democratic adversary, George A. Jenks. This afternoon he addressed large meetings in Fall Creek and Reynoldsville, and spoke to 900 citizens in the court house here this evening. Many of his hearers drove in from country, a distance of fifteen miles. He was given a warm reception and his statements were listened to with great interest. Dr. Swallow paid a high compliment to Mr. Jenks as a citizen and Christian gentleman, and said it was not his personality that he is opposing, but the machine that is back of him. This is a campaign against rule and bossism in politics, he declared. In opening his speech he said: "I am thankful for the privilege of speaking to so large a number of the friends and neighbors of Mr. Jenks and I believe that they, as I do, hold him in great esteem as a man possessing high ideals of citizenship and as a Christian gentleman. I could have fondly wished that his political endorsement were more in keeping with the merits of so estimable a character. It is a matter of regret that the machine forces behind him in the selection of which he had no choice, are of such a nature as to embarrass him in this contest. The well established reputation of the Guffey-Garman machine in the Quay-Elkin machine handicaps in the race any candidate made responsible for their corrupt methods."

## DAVE HILL ON THE WAR.

He Claims That the Glory All Belongs to Democracy—Red-Hot Speech at Brooklyn.

New York, Oct. 20.—David B. Hill addressed a great Democratic mass meeting in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, tonight. He said, among other things: "The paramount issue in the campaign is that of honest government. There are no war issues, so-called, to divide or embarrass the people. The achievement and glory of the recent war with Spain belong not to any political party, but to the whole country. This fact should be every-where conceded; but if there is a disposition to inject partisanship in the consideration of the inception or results of that war, we need not shrink from a comparison with our opponents. We may recall the plain facts of history. The people have not forgotten the great struggle in the halls of congress less than a year ago which preceded the declaration of war. The fact that, with a few and honorable exceptions, all the earnest pleas for intervention in behalf of Cuban liberty were uttered by Democratic leaders; the arbitrary refusal for months of a Republican speaker, backed by the dominant majority in the house, to consider the Cuban question at all; the steady, persistent and determined efforts of the Democratic minority to force the Cuban question to the front, aided by the powerful Democratic press of the country; the patriotic sentiment and the devotion of the Democratic volunteers, efforts were crowned with success and a halting and reluctant administration was forced to inaugurate a war in behalf of humanity and civilization, to which it was at heart opposed.

"The Democratic party, the bold and unsympathetic message of President McKinley in December last, opposing Cuban intervention of any kind, exaggerating the difficulties in the way and unnecessarily reminding congress and people of our neutral obligations, have not forgotten the attitude of Senator Hanna, the Warwick of the present administration, as well as the head of its financial syndicate—fresh from his senatorial triumph at Columbus, purchased by bribery and corruption, who went to the president in answer to his congratulatory telegram the famous, or rather infamous message, 'God reigns and the Republican party still lives,' and who, with tears in his eyes, was pleading at Washington for peace at any price, and lamenting the complete destruction of the business interests of the country by 'so unnecessary a war.'"

## MARK TWAIN REASSURED BY CAZAR'S UTTERANCE.

London, Oct. 20.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily News says: "Mr. Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain), who has addressed a meeting of the Society of the Friends of Peace here, told them that he privately doubted whether the world would ever be able to put a stop to war, but that the czar had convinced and converted him. He spoke in English.

"The speech was not interpreted to the assembly because the government representative doubted that all Mr. Clemens said would bear translation."

## JAPAN'S SHIPBUILDING.

Rapid Development—Plants Equipped for Largest Bottoms.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Latest reports to the state department tell of a marvellous development of shipbuilding in Japan. The United States consul at Nagasaki says that there has just been delivered there the largest steamship ever launched outside of American and European waters.

She is the Hitachi Maru, built by the Mitsui Bishi company at Nagasaki, and her displacement is 11,600 tons. She is classed by Lloyd's as 100 A. Her sister ship will be built at once. There was also ordered at Nagasaki a new granite dock 371 feet long, and, besides a complete distillery plant, the shipbuilding company has laid its yards for vessels up to 500 feet long, which can also be docked there. The company employs 2,000 men.

## Pittsburg Councils Will Attend.

Pittsburg, Oct. 20.—Pittsburg councils in joint session at the public safety building today and decided to accept the invitation from Philadelphia councils to attend the peace jubilee in that city on Wednesday and Tuesday of next week.

## Ten Thousand for a Horse.

New York, Oct. 20.—At the sale of a number of race horses in training in the racing paddock at Morris today, A. H. and D. H. Morris paid \$10,000 for Kentucky Colonel.

## Killed While Stealing a Ride.

Buffalo, Oct. 20.—William H. Berner, Fred Berner and Charles Coats Weyth, young school boys of Cheektowaga, were killed today by a passenger train on the Lehigh Valley railroad. The boys were stealing a ride on a freight train and jumped off, falling under the engine track directly in front of the passenger train.

## Fire in the Zoo.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—The restaurant building in the Zoological garden in West Philadelphia was totally destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss on building and contents is estimated at \$20,000; insurance, \$6,000.

## DR. SWALLOW IN JEFFERSON

THE PARSON INVADERS THE TERRITORY OF JENKS.

Brookville, Pa., Oct. 20.—Dr. S. C. Swallow today carried his campaign into Jefferson county, the home of his Democratic adversary, George A. Jenks. This afternoon he addressed large meetings in Fall Creek and Reynoldsville, and spoke to 900 citizens in the court house here this evening. Many of his hearers drove in from country, a distance of fifteen miles. He was given a warm reception and his statements were listened to with great interest. Dr. Swallow paid a high compliment to Mr. Jenks as a citizen and Christian gentleman, and said it was not his personality that he is opposing, but the machine that is back of him. This is a campaign against rule and bossism in politics, he declared. In opening his speech he said: "I am thankful for the privilege of speaking to so large a number of the friends and neighbors of Mr. Jenks and I believe that they, as I do, hold him in great esteem as a man possessing high ideals of citizenship and as a Christian gentleman. I could have fondly wished that his political endorsement were more in keeping with the merits of so estimable a character. It is a matter of regret that the machine forces behind him in the selection of which he had no choice, are of such a nature as to embarrass him in this contest. The well established reputation of the Guffey-Garman machine in the Quay-Elkin machine handicaps in the race any candidate made responsible for their corrupt methods."

## THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather indications today: Rain; Easterly Winds.

- General—Spain Unwilling to Yield on Cuban Debt Question.
- War Preparations in France. Commander Wainwright's Version of the Santiago Naval Battle.
- Dr. Swallow Invades Mr. Jenks.
- General—Reported Manila Fight a Spanish Fairy Tale.
- Financial and Commercial.
- Local—Kenny Murder Case in Jury's Hands.
- Donations to Home for the Friendless. Board of Health Investigation.
- Editorial.
- Comment of the Press.
- Local—Democratic Mass Meeting at the Army.
- Keller Repair Ordinance Passes Select Council.
- Local—West Scranton and Sutherland.
- News Round About Scranton.
- General—News of the Soldiers at Camp Meade.

## THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

Governor Hastings Advises the Celebration of October 27 as a Special Day of Prayer and Religious Observance.

Harrisburg, Oct. 20.—Governor Hastings issued the following proclamation tonight:

The people of Pennsylvania, together with their fellow citizens throughout the land, have great cause at this time for rejoicing and thanksgiving. A foreign power by the numerous and inhuman treatment of its own subjects and shoddy treatment of the civilized world. The American people reached the point where they would no longer permit humanity to be so cruelly outraged almost under the shadow of their own flag.

In the struggle which followed, God's guiding hand was abundantly manifested. The people answered as one man to the country's call. Our army and navy executed with unflinching valor the will of the nation. Our victories by sea and on land were signal triumphs for civilization and free government.

Nevertheless, the surviving soldiers have returned to their homes, bringing proofs of their devotion to the flag. Where opportunity came, they won the laurels always coveted by the American citizen, and where opportunity came not, their devotion and steadfastness was deserving of equal praise.

The people of the commonwealth, in accordance with the sentiment of the hour, desiring to make public manifestation of their appreciation of the services and sacrifices of those who so nobly sustained the nation's honor, will hold in the city of Philadelphia on the 27th and 28th days of October a peace festival, and the twenty-eighth day of October, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, as a special day of thanksgiving and prayer to Almighty God.

And I do recommend that our usual places of worship be filled with God-fearing, thankful and patriotic worshippers, praying that the influence of the day's observance may find fruition in the years to come in that rectitude of life, that devotion to home and country and the maintenance of every private and public duty which shall be well pleasing to Him, to the end that the future shall know nothing but peace and that the results of the war may prove a permanent blessing to our land and to the cause of advancing civilization.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the state at the city of Harrisburg this twentieth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight and of the independence of the one hundred and twenty-second.

Daniel H. Hastings, Governor.

David Martin, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

## KEACH TO THE DEMOCRATS.

An Address to Voters Who Adhere to Declarations of 1896.

New York, Oct. 20.—Chairman Keach, of the Chicago platform Democracy of this state, today addressed a meeting of those voters who adhere to the declarations of the national Democratic convention of 1896. Mr. Keach says that letters were addressed to all the nominees on the regular Democratic state ticket asking them to be present at the last general election, and that satisfactory replies have been received from all except Messrs. Van Wyck and Conway, nominees for governor and attorney general, respectively. In regard to the first named, Chairman Keach says there is evidence that he held the regular Democratic ticket, but Mr. Conway was an active supporter of the Palmer-Buckner ticket.

Upon this showing Chairman Keach advises that bimetallic Democrats vote for the regular Democratic candidates in the state, except Conway, who he says should be scratched.

## BOOKKEEPER DEPARTS.

Henning a Defaulter to the Amount of Nearly \$10,000.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 20.—It was developed that Charles G. Henning, individual bookkeeper at the Bank of Louisville, is a defaulter in a sum ranging between \$5,000 and \$10,000 and that he has fled from the city.

Henning's downfall is said to be due to dissipation and a broken engagement with a St. Louis girl. The marriage was prevented on account of a difference in religion, Henning being a Protestant and she a Catholic. Henning was one of the bank's most trusted employees.

## Billy Walker Dead.

Omatia, Neb. Oct. 20.—Billy Walker, the pugilist who was knocked out by Andy Dupont Monday night, died at South Omaha today after having been unconscious for fifty-six hours. The charge against Dupont will be changed from prize fighting to murder.

## The Cable Is Working.

London, Oct. 21.—The Eastern Telegraph company says there is no foundation for the report circulated in the United States that the cable between Manila and Hong Kong has been cut by Admiral Dewey. The cable is working this morning.

## WAR TALK IN FRANCE

Reported Naval Preparations at Toulon.

Paris, Oct. 20.—The alleged war preparations of France are the absorbing subject of discussion here at present. According to the French papers, there were important naval experiments at Toulon yesterday evening. A flotilla of torpedo boats was detailed to make an endeavor to force the entrance of the harbor and the whole garrison was called to arms and the forts and batteries were manned, ready for instant action. The result of the experiments has not been made public.

Vice Admiral Barrera presided yesterday at a secret council of war at Toulon, in which the chiefs of the maritime forces took part. Confidential orders were subsequently issued to the garrison.

The *Aurore* asserts that the five classes of naval reserves around Brest have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness for active service.

Paris, Oct. 20.—M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, has ordered that the report of Major Marchand as to the situation at Fashoda, which is expected at Cairo tonight, be telegraphed textually.

Owing to its probable length, it is expected that at least forty-eight hours will be required to reduce it to the French cipher code at Cairo and to translate it in Paris.

The drift of opinion on the Fashoda question among commercial men in Paris, was shown by a resolution adopted this afternoon by the municipal council of this city, urging the French government without sacrificing the material interests of the country, to use its utmost efforts to avert a conflict with Great Britain over this dispute.

## LONDON STOCK MARKET.

The Fashoda Question and Fears of Dearer Money Depressing.

London, Oct. 20.—The stock market today opened weak and prices showed sharp declines. The upper Nile question and fears of dearer money caused the heaviness. Consols were off 1/8, 3-16, and American shares sustained losses ranging from 1/4 in St. Paul to 1 1/2 in Union Pacific preferred. Later in the day a better tone prevailed, but there was not much improvement in prices.

## Y. M. C. A. WORKERS.

Meeting of the State Executive Committee.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—An important meeting of the state executive committee of the Young Men's Christian association of Pennsylvania was held at the Hotel Walton this afternoon. The committee was the guest of Chairman McCaul